42.—Populations of Towns and Villages having between 1,000 and 5,000 Inhabitants in 1931, Compared with 1991, 1911 and 1921—concluded.

Town or Village.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.	Town or Village.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1931.
Alberta—concluded. Vermilion. Lacombe. Magrath Stettler Redcliff. Claresholm. Wainwright Beverly. Olds.	- - 218	625 1,029 995 1,444 220 809 788	1,133 1,069 1,416 1,137 963 975 1,039 764	1,259 1,224 1,219 1,192 1,156 1,147 1,111 1,056	Cranbrook (city)	277 732	2,826 3,017 3,146 1,657 1,237	2,097 2,782 2,802 2,053 1,767 2,161 1,056	2,848 2,736 2,732 2,479 2,461 2,371 2,356
Innisfail Pincher Creek Fort Saskatchewan British Columbia. Kelowna (city) Vernon (city)	335 306 261	782 1,663	888 982 2,520	1,024 1,001 4,655	Duncan (city) Ladysmith (city) Mission (village). Port Coquitlam (city) Grand Forks (city) Merritt (city) Port Moody (city) Courtenay (city)	746 - 1,012 -	1,577 703	1,178 1,469	1,443 1,314 1,312 1,298 1,296

Rural and Urban Farm Populations.—Of the 10,362,833 people who form the population of the nine provinces of Canada, exclusive of the Territories, only 3,289,507 or 31-7 p.c. live on farms.

There are 728,623 farms within the nine provinces and, considering the 14,056 farms (see Table 43) which are located within the limits of incorporated cities, towns or villages as "urban", the farm population is classified as 3,224,241 living on rural farms and 65,266 on urban farms. More than one half (50·5 p.c.) of the people on urban farms are in Quebec and only 23·6 p.c. in Ontario. Alberta ranks third with 6·4 p.c. and Nova Scotia fourth with 5·7 p.c. This is in contrast with the distribution on rural farms where 24·4 p.c. are in Ontario, 23·1 in Quebec, 17·4 in Saskatchewan and 11·5 in Alberta; these four provinces therefore have 76·4 p.c. of the rural farm population. The rural and urban farm populations bear a very close relationship to the number of farms of each class in the individual provinces but the distribution of rural farms follows more closely the distribution of total population (see Table 1) than that of urban farms. Among the provinces, Quebec has the greatest number of persons per farm on farms of both the rural and urban classes.

Table 43 gives the number of farms and the farm populations, urban and rural, by provinces as recorded at the Census of 1931.

43.—Rural and Urban Farms, Farm Populations and Average Numbers of Persons per Farm, by Provinces, 1931.

Province.	Farm	s June 1,	1931.	Population June 1, 1931, living on—			Persons per Farm.		
	Total.	Rural.	Urban.	Ail Farms.	Rural Farms.	Urban Farms.	All.	Rural.	Urban.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	12,865	12,696			54,963				
Nova Scotia	39,444	38,629							
New Brunswick	34,025	33,646		180,214	178,494			5.30	
Quebec	135,957	129,863	6,094	777,384 800,960	744,417 785,550				5·41 3·81
Ontario	192,174 54,199	188,134 53,777	$\begin{array}{c} 4,040 \\ 422 \end{array}$	256,305					4.74
Manitoba	136,472	135.826							4.03
4 14 .	97.408	96,439		375,097	370,899				
AlbertaBritish Columbia	26,079	25,557	522	102,367	100,244	$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{123}$			4.06
Canada	728,623	714,567	14,056	3,289,507	3,224,241	65,266	4.51	4.51	4 · 64